## Index

A	С
Activity When Killed or Injured	California, 34, 39
firefighter deaths, 147, 148 firefighter injuries, 162, 163	Casualties  See also Fire Deaths, Fire Injuries firefighters, 143
Adjusted Percentages, 21	
Age, 8, 42, 44 firefighter deaths, 151, 152 firefighter injuries, 159, 160	Cause Comparison (3 years) hotels/motels, 102 non-residential structures, 124
gender, 45 per capita, 42 by gender, 41 relative risk, 43 Alaska, 10, 18, 34, 39	Cause Trends apartments, 92 , 179 percentages, 93 non-residential structures, 117 , 180 percentages, 118 one- and two-family dwellings, 80 , 178
All Properties, trend percentages, 3	percentages, 81 residential properties, 65 , 177
Apartments, 4, 87 automatic extinguishing systems, 93	percentages, 69 Causes, 24
cause trend percentages, 93 cause trends, 91, 92, 179 causes, 88, 90 month of year, 94, 95 origin of fire, 96 presence of AESs, 94 smoke alarms, 91, 93 time of day, 94, 95 trends, 88, 89 when fires occur, 94  Appliances, 25  Arkansas, 10, 34  Arson, 4, 6 See also Incendiary/Suspicious  Automatic Extinguishing Systems, 6	apartments, 88, 90, 92, 179 trend percentages, 93 trends, 91 basic industry structures, 121 categories defined, 25 detached residential garages, 122 eating/drinking establishments, 119 educational structures, 119 firefighter deaths, 149, 150 firefighter injuries, 161, 162 hotels/motels, 99, 101 institutional structures, 120 manufacturing structures, 121 mobile homes used as fixed residences, 87 mobile properties, 130 national, 51, 53 by gender, 54 non-residential structures, 113, 115, 116
apartments, 93, 94 non-residential structures, 125 dollar loss per fire, 125 one- and two-family dwellings, 83 residential properties, 7, 72	trend percentages, 118 trends, 117, 180 one- and two-family dwellings, 75, 78, 80, 178 trend percentages, 81 trends, 79 other residential properties, 97, 100
Automobiles, 6  See also Mobile Properties, Vehicles ignition factors, 133	outside properties, by property type, 138 outside structures and unknowns, 123 public assembly structures, 118 residential properties, 62, 63, 65, 177 trend percentages, 69 trends, 64
В	storage structures, 122 stores and offices, 120
Basic Industry Structures, 121	vacant and under construction properties, 123

Children Playing, 4, 25	Fire Casualties and Dollar Loss		
Conclusions, 10 Cooking, 3, 4, 25	mobile homes used as fixed residences, per fire trends, 86 national, per fire by property type, 50 national trend percentages per fire, by property type, 3 NFIRS vs. NFPA losses per fire, 170		
		Cost of Fire, 33	per fire
			by highway vehicle type, 129
D	by national property type, 3		
D	Fire Deaths		
Day of Week	per capita, by race and gender, 46		
non-residential structures, 113	per capita by state, 40		
outside and other properties, 137	state ranking, 38		
residential properties, 74	vs. other nations, 33		
Death Rate. See Per Capita, Per Fire	Fire Losses, defined, 20		
•	Firefighter Casualties, 9, 143		
Deaths	USFA resources, 164		
See also Fire Casualties, Fire Deaths	Firefighter Deaths, 143		
firefighters, 143	activity when injured, 147, 148		
U.S. vs. Europe, 13	age, 151, 152		
Delaware, 10, 34, 39	career personnel, 145		
District of Columbia, 34	cause and nature of injury, 149		
	cause of injury, 149, 150		
Dollar Loss	emergency duty, 149		
NFPA vs. USFA, outside properties, 134	gender, 145		
per fire	health, 152		
in non-residential structures, 113	heart attacks, 151, 152		
in residential structures as a function of AESs, 125 reporting errors, 70	month of year, 152 , 153 nature of injury, 150		
•	region, 145		
Duty When Injured, firefighter deaths, 147	state, 146		
	time of day, 152		
_	trends, 144		
E	per fire, 144		
	type of duty when injured, 147		
Eating/Drinking Establishments, 119	type of service and duty, 145		
Educational Structures, 119	volunteers, 145 World Trade Center, 143 , 150		
Electrical Distribution, 25	Firefighter Injuries, 154		
Emergency Duty, firefighter deaths, 149	activity when injured, 162, 163		
	age, 9, 159, 160		
Ethnic Groups, 8, 44	causes, 161, 162		
See also Race	month of year, 160, 161		
Exposure, 25	nature of injury, 163		
	part of body injured, 161 per fire, 156		
	by structure type, 158		
F	in vacant and under construction structures, 159		
	trends by property type, 157		
Fire Casualties	trends by structure type, 158, 182		
age, 44	property types, 154, 155		
age and gender, 45	time of day, 160		
defined, 20	trends, 154		
national, causes by gender, 54	by property type, 155		
per capita by age, 42	type of structure, 156, 181		
per capita by age and gender, 41 relative risk by age, 43	when fires occur, 160 where injuries occur, 161, 162		
trends by gender, 40	where treated, 164		
10 '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Firefighter Training, 9	residential properties, 70
Fires	day of week, 74
non-residential structures, presence of AESs, 125	month of year, 74 smoke alarms, 7
outside and other properties	,
day of week, 137	Fires and Fire Injuries, hotels/motels, causes, 101
month of year, 137	Fires and Fire Losses
time of day, 136	all properties, trend percentages, 3
outside property types, 138	apartments
residential properties	time of day, 95
presence of AESs, 72	trends, 89
smoke alarm operation, 71	hotels/motels, 3-year cause comparison, 102
smoke alarm operation, 7 i	mobile homes used as fixed residences, trends, 85
Fires and Dollar Loss	mobile properties, 127
basic industry structures, 121	highways vs. other, 128
detached residential garages, 122	vehicle type, 129
eating and drinking establishments, 119	national, causes, 53
educational structures, 119	national trends, 30
institutional structures, 120	per capita, 32
manufacturing structures, 121	non-residential structures, 5, 111
NFPA trends, by property type, 173	by property type, 112
non-residential structures, 3-year cause comparison, 124	cause trend percentages, 118 cause trends, 117 , 180
outside structures and unknowns, 123	causes, 116
public assembly structures, 118	time of day, 114
storage structures, 122	one- and two-family dwellings
stores and offices, 120	time of day, 77
vacant and construction structures, 123	trends, 76
	other residential properties
Fires and Fire Casualties	by property type, 99
apartments	trends, 98
cause trend percentages, 93	outside and other property types, 135, 136
cause trends, 92, 179	per capita, 2
causes, 90	per fire
origin of fire, 96	trend percentages by national property type, 51
mobile properties	trends by national property type, 52, 176
automobile ignition factors, 133	property type, 47
ignition factor trend percentages, 131	NFIRS vs. NFPA, 171
ignition factor trends, 132, 181	proportions
ignition factors, 130	trend percentages by national property type, 50
one- and two-family dwellings	trends by national property type, 49, 176
cause trend percentages, 81	ratio of NFIRS to NFPA estimates, 169
cause trends, 80, 178	residential properties, 60
causes, 78	by property type, 61
origin of fire, 82	cause trend percentages, 69
other residential properties, causes, 100	cause trends, 65, 177
Figure 1 Figure Decelor	causes, 63 leading causes, 64
Fires and Fire Deaths	time of day, 73
apartments	
month of year, 95	Florida, 39
presence of AESs, 94	
smoke alarms, 93	•
mobile homes used as fixed residences	G
causes, 87	Garages, Detached Residential, 122
smoke alarms, 87	
non-residential structures, month of year, 114	Gender, 8
one- and two-family dwellings	age, 45
month of year, 77	deaths per capita, by race, 46
presence of AESs, 83	national, 39
smoke alarms, 82	cause, 54

per capita, by age, 41 trends, 40	ignition factor trends, 132, 181 ignition factors, 130 overview of trends, 126 special data problems, 131 trends, 127 vehicle types, 126, 129
Hawaii, 34	Month of Year
Health, firefighters, 9, 152	apartments, 94, 95 firefighter deaths, 152, 153 firefighter injuries, 160, 161 non-residential structures, 113, 114 one- and two-family dwellings, 75, 77 outside and other properties, 137 residential properties, 73, 74
Heart Attacks, firefighter deaths, 9 , 151 , 152	
Heating, 3, 25	
Hotels/Motels, 99 3-year cause comparison, 102 causes, 99, 101	
trends, 101	Mortality Statistics, 39
I	N
ı	National Estimates, 20
Ignition Factor Trend Percentages, mobile properties, 131	National Fire Incident Reporting System, 14 22-year participation, 16
Ignition Factors, mobile properties, 130 automobile ignition factors, 133 trends, 132, 181	fire department participation, 17 percent of reports filed by version, 23 state participation, 15
trend percentages, 131	uses, 19 Version 5.0, 18
Incendiary/Suspicious, 25 See also Arson	changes from Version 4.1, 22 vs. NFPA estimates, 14, 26, 169
Injuries See also Fire Casualties, Fire Injuries firefighters, 154	National Fire Problem, 29 causes, 51 , 53 by gender, 54
Institutional Structures, 120	gender, 39 per capita trends, 32 property types, 46, 47
M	per fire losses, 50 trends, 30 trends by property type, 48
Manufactured Housing, 83 See also One- and Two-Family Dwellings, Mobile Homes Used as Fixed Residences	trends by property type, 48 trends in proportion of losses by property type, 49, 176 percentages by property type, 50
Manufacturing Structures, 121	trends per fire by property type, 52 , 176
Massachusetts, 39	percentages by property type, 51
Medical Care, firefighter injuries, 164	USFA resources, 54 vs. other nations, 2, 33
Methodology of Data Presentation, 20	National Fire Protection Association non-residential structures, trends by property type, 173 vs. NFIRS estimates, 14, 26, 169 vs. USFA estimates, 134
Minnesota, 39	
Mississippi, 10, 34	
Mobile Homes Used as Fixed Residences, 4, 83 See also One- and Two-Family Dwellings	Natural, 25
Mobile Properties, 126 automobile ignition factors, 133 causes, 130	Nature of Injury firefighter deaths, 149 , 150 firefighter injuries, 163
highway vs. other losses, trends, 128	Nevada, 18, 34
ignition factor trend percentages, 131	New Jersey, 39

New York, 39 , 145	One- and Two-Family Dwellings, 3, 74
NFIRS. See National Fire Incident Reporting System	automatic sprinkler systems, 83 cause trend percentages, 81
NFPA. See National Fire Protection Association	cause trends, 79, 80, 178 causes, 75, 78
Non-Residential Properties, 5, 109	mobile homes used as fixed residences, 83 causes, 87
mobile properties, 126 fires and fire losses, 127	per fire trends, 86
non-residential structures, 109	smoke alarms, 87 trends, 85
fires and fire losses, 111	month of year, 75, 77
outside and other properties, 133	origin of fire, 81, 82
fires and fire losses, 135	overview of trends, 75
USFA resources, 139	presence of AESs, 83
OBIN Tesources, 137	smoke alarms, 81, 82
Non-Residential Structures	time of day, 75 , 77
3-year cause comparison, 124	trends, 76
automatic extinguishing systems, 125	when fires occur, 75
cause trend percentages, 118	Open Flame, 25
cause trends, 117, 180	Open Fame, 23
causes, 113, 115, 116	Origin of Fire
basic industry structures, 121	apartments, 96
detached residential garages, 122	one- and two-family dwellings, 81, 82
eating/drinking establishments, 119	Other Equipment, 25
educational structures, 119	
institutional structures, 120	Other Heat, 25
manufacturing structures, 121	Other Residential Properties, 4, 97
outside structures and unknowns, 123	causes, 97, 100
public assembly structures, 118	hotels/motels, 99
storage structures, 122	property types, 97, 99
stores and offices, 120	trends, 97, 98
vacant and under construction properties, 123	Outside and Other Properties, 6, 133
day of week, 113	day of week, 137
dollar loss per fire	month of year, 137
as a function of AESs, 125	overview of trends, 134
by structure type, 113	time of day, 136
fires and fire losses, 111	trends, 135
losses by property type, 5	when fires occur, 136
mobile properties, trends, 127	Outside Fires, 6
month of year, 113, 114	
NFPA trends, by property type, 173	causes, by property type, 138
presence of AESs, 125	Outside Properties
property types, 112, 115	causes, 137
time of day, 112, 114	NFPA vs. USFA dollar loss, 134
trends, 111	property types, 136
vacant and under construction properties, 124	special data problems, 139
when fires occur, 112	Outside Structures and Unknowns, 123
	Р
0	Part of Body Injured, firefighters, 161
	Pennsylvania, 145
Offices. See Stores and Offices	,
Oklahoma City Enderal Building Dombing 110	Per Capita
Oklahoma City Federal Building Bombing, 110	10-year death rate by state, 35 age, 42
On-Duty Firefighter Activities, 154	age and gender, 41
,	-8

defined, 31	Relative Risk, age, 43
losses, 2	Representativeness of Sample, 21
national trends, 32	
race and gender, 46	Residential Garages, detached, 109
state ranking of deaths, 37	Residential Properties, 3, 59
Per Fire	apartments, 87
firefighter deaths, 144	fires and fire losses, 89
firefighter injuries, 156	automatic extinguishing systems, 72
trends by property type, 157	cause trend percentages, 69
by structure type, 158	cause trends, 64, 65, 177
in vacant or under construction structures, 159	causes, 62, 63
trends by structure type, 158, 182	day of week, 74
highway vehicles, 129	fires and fire losses, 60
mobile homes used as fixed residences, trends, 86	leading causes, 64
national property type, 3 , 50	month of year, 73, 74
NFIRS vs. NFPA, trends, 170	one- and two-family dwellings, 74
non-residential structures	fires and fire losses, 76
dollar loss, 113	other residential properties, 97
dollar loss as a function of AESs, 125	fires and fire losses, 98
trend percentages by national property type, 3, 51	presence of AESs, 72
trends by national property type, 52, 176	property types, 61
Post-Collision Vehicle Fires, 130	smoke alarms, 7, 70
	operation, 71
Property Types, 46, 47	sprinklers, 7
firefighter injuries, 154, 155	time of day, 72, 73
per fire, 159	trends, 59, 60
trends, 155	USFA resources, 102
national	when fires occur, 72
losses per fire, 3, 50	Resources. See USFA Resources
trend percentages per fire. 51	Rhode Island, 34
trend percentages per fire, 51 trends in proportions of losses, 49 , 176	
trends per fire, 52, 176	Rounding, 25
national trends per fire, percentages, 3	
NFIRS vs. NFPA, 171	
non-residential structures, 5, 112, 115	S
dollar loss per fire, 113	
NFPA trends, 173	Scope of Report, 1
other residential properties, 97, 99	September 11, 2001 Attack, 1, 5, 29
outside, causes, 138	civilian and firefighter deaths, 20
outside and other properties, 136	firefighter deaths, 143
outside properties, 136	non-residential structures, 109
residential properties, 61	
Proportion of Losses	Smoke Alarms, 6
Proportion of Losses trend percentages by national property type, 50	apartments, 91, 93
	manufactured housing, 84
trends by national property type, 49, 176	mobile homes used as fixed residences, 87
Public Assembly Structures, 118	NFIRS data, 70
•	one- and two-family dwellings, 81, 82 residential properties, 7, 70
Purpose of Report, 1	operation, 71
D	Smoking, 3, 4, 25
R	Sources of Data, 14
Race	Southeast U.S., 39
See also Ethnic Groups	
deaths per capita, by gender, 46	Special Data Problems
	mobile properties, 131
Regional Profiles, 10, 34	outside properties, 139

Sprinklers. See Automatic Extinguishing Systems	outside and other properties, 135
State Profiles, 10 , 34	per fire by national property type, 52 percentages by national property type, 51 per fire losses, NFIRS vs. NFPA, 170 property types, 48 proportions of losses by national property type, 49 percentages by national property type, 50 ratio of NFIRS to NFPA estimates, 169 residential properties, 59, 60 causes, 64, 65, 69
States  See also individual state fire department participation in NFIRS, 17 firefighter deaths, 146 NFIRS participation, 15 per capita deaths, 35, 40 per capita ranking of deaths, 37 ranking by number of deaths, 38	
Statistical Confidence, 39	
Storage Structures, 122	U
Stores and Offices, 120	U
Structures	U.S. Fire Administration, vs. NFPA estimates, 134
firefighter injuries, 156, 181 firefighter injuries per fire, 158	Under Construction Properties. See Vacant and Under Construction Properties
trends, 158 , 182	Unknowns in the Data, 21
_	Unreported Fires, 26
Т	Uses of Fire Data, 13
Time of Day apartments, 94, 95 firefighter deaths, 152 firefighter injuries, 160 non-residential structures, 112, 114 one- and two-family dwellings, 75, 77 outside and other properties, 136 residential properties, 72, 73	USFA Resources firefighter casualties, 164 national fire problem, 54 non-residential properties, 139 residential properties, 102 Utah, 34
Trends, 23	
all properties, percentages, 3 apartments, 88, 89 causes, 91, 92, 93 firefighter deaths, 144 firefighter deaths per fire, 144 firefighter injuries, 154	V Vacant and Under Construction Properties, 109, 110 123, 124 firefighter injuries, 156 Vehicle Types, 126, 129
by property type, 155	Vehicles, 6
type of structure, 156 firefighter injuries per fire by property type, 157 by structure type, 158 gender, 40	See also Automobiles, Mobile Properties  Vehicles, Highway, per fire, 129
hotels/motels, 101	W
mobile homes used as fixed residences, 85 per fire, 86 mobile properties, 127 highway vs. other losses, 128 ignition factors, 131, 132	When Fires Occur. See Time of Day, Day of Week, Month of Year
national, 30	Where Injuries Occur, firefighters, 161, 162
non-residential structures, 111	Wildland Fires, 31
causes, 117, 118 NFPA, by property type, 173	Wisconsin, 39
one- and two-family dwellings, 75, 76	World Trade Center. See September 11, 2001 Attack
causes, 79, 80, 81 other residential properties, 97, 98	World Trade Center Bombing, 110
The second of th	6, 110